



FORTINET

COLOMBIA
& ECUADOR

XPERTS26

FORTINET | COLOMBIA
& ECUADOR
XPERTS26

FortiWeb AI Security

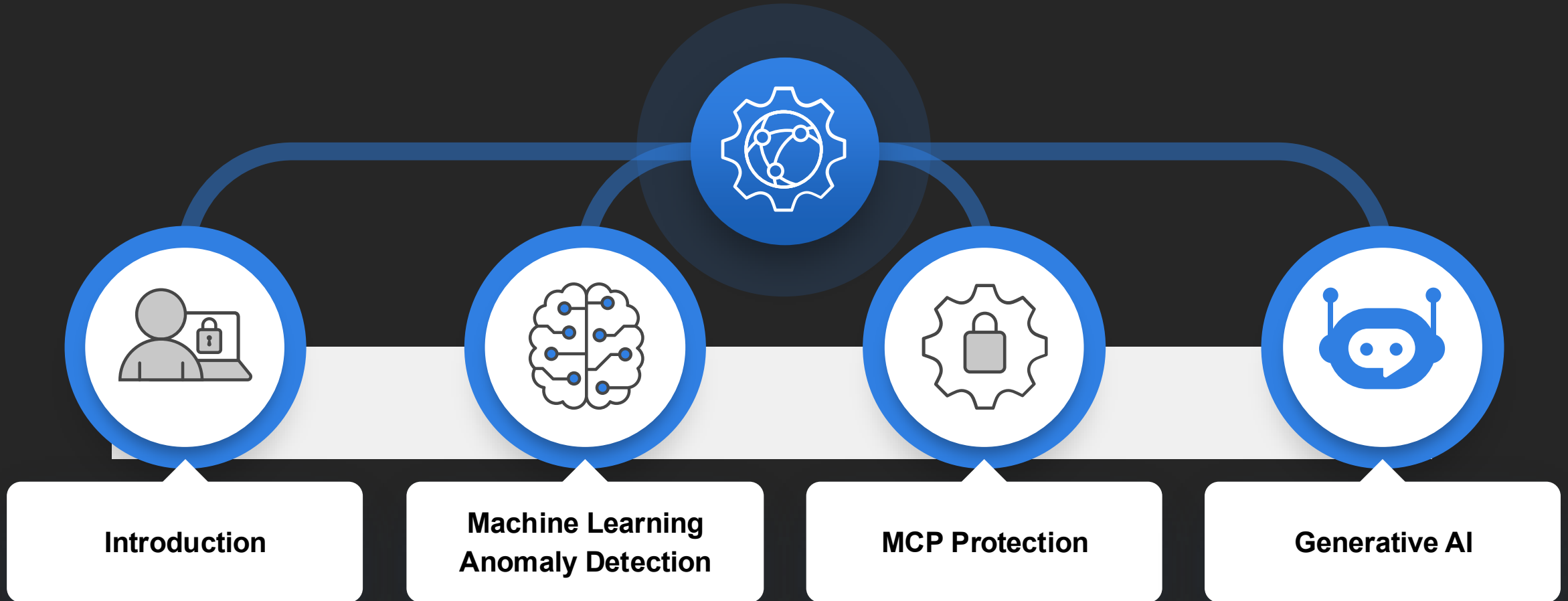
Fabián González Soto

Principal Systems Engineer

Cartagena



Agenda





WAF to WAAP: The Application Attack Surface Keeps Growing

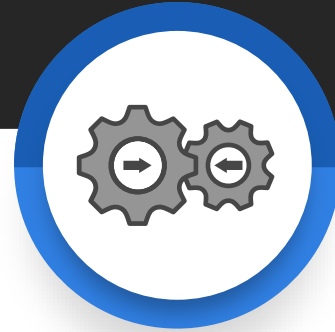
Web Application and API Protection solutions today are expected to manage bot traffic, secure APIs, and mitigate DDoS Attacks



48% of the organizations have 100 or more unique applications in their environment



On average, companies publish **25** Software updates into production on a monthly basis



Over 85% of web traffic is API traffic



Nearly Half of internet traffic is bot-generated traffic

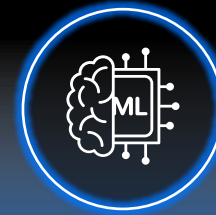
AI-Powered

WEB APPLICATION AND API PROTECTION



API Discovery and Protection

API Discovery using URL clustering with schema awareness, automatic schema generation, Anomaly Detection (HMM+SVM)



Threat Analytics

Analyze million of events using ML to identify common characteristics and patterns and group them into meaningful security incidents



Web Protection

Zero day attack protection using two layer solution (HMM and SVM), Anomaly verification, continuous learning



Bot Mitigation

Behavioral learning using ML SVM based on 13 different traffic dimensions, automated verification using training samples



FortiAI-Assist

An AI SOC agent that accelerate threat detection, analysis, and response by providing business context and recommendations



AI-Powered WAAP Protection





FortiWeb SOC-as-a-Service



24/7/365 Protection

Web application security
around-the-clock



Incident Response

Triage, investigation and guidance



Security Hardening

Reports, reviews and prioritization



Cloud Service Portal

Continuous visibility into
all protected assets

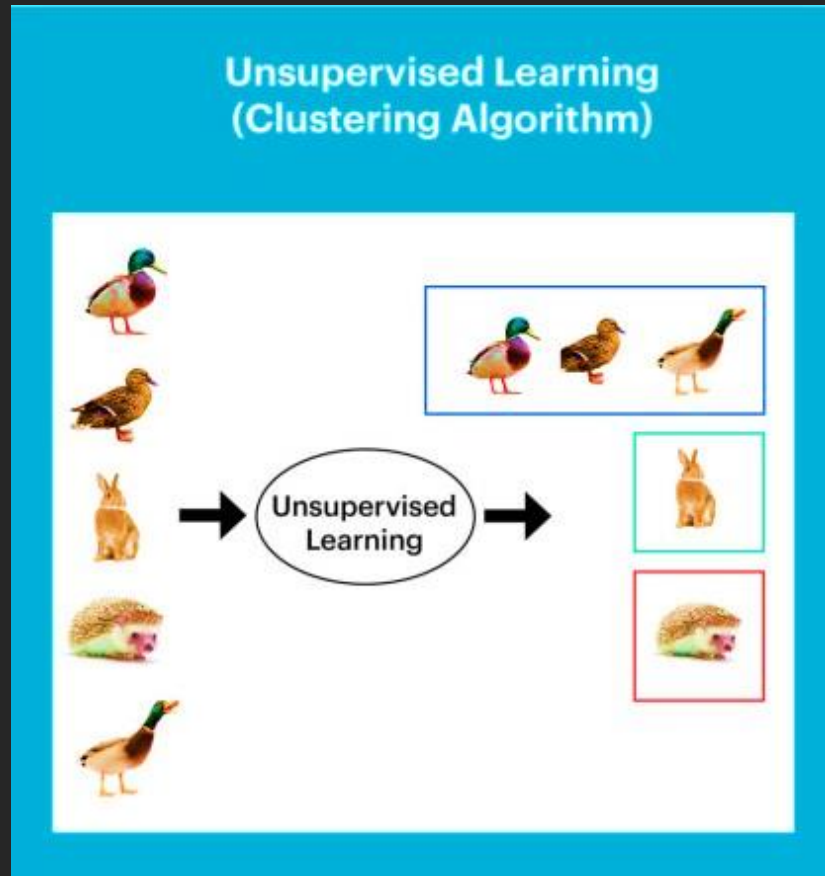
FORTINET | COLOMBIA
& ECUADOR
XPERTS26

Machine Learning Anomaly Detection

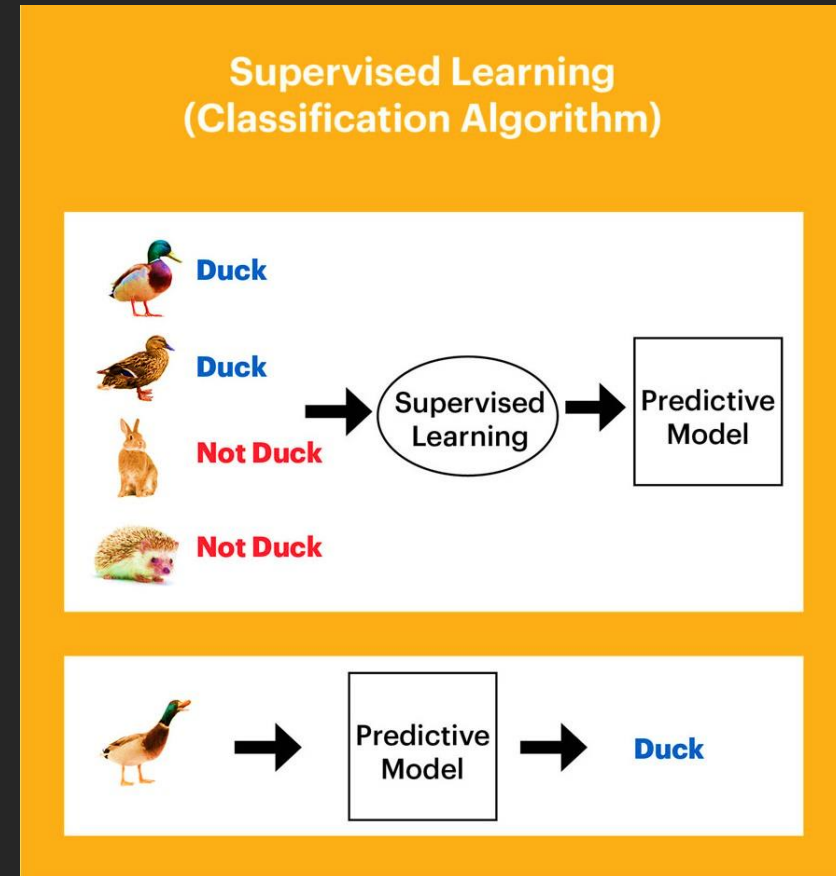




Unsupervised vs Supervised Machine Learning



In Unsupervised Learning, the Machine Learning algorithm learns from Unlabeled Data



In Supervised Learning, the Machine Learning algorithm learns from Labeled Data



Unsupervised vs Supervised Machine Learning

USER	CONNECTION TIME	COUNTRY	NUMBER OF TRANSACTIONS
A	8:00 AM	Colombia	5
B	9:00 AM	Colombia	4
C	3:00 AM	Rusia	200

MAIL	LABEL
"Click here to earn money"	Spam
"Meeting tomorrow at 10 AM"	No spam
"Your account will be blocked"	Spam

The algorithm discovers patterns on its own.

Users who:

- Connect during working hours
- Connect from unusual locations
- Exhibit different behaviors

Then, when you receive a new email:

"Congratulations! You won a prize; click here"

The model predicts:

→ **Probably Spam**

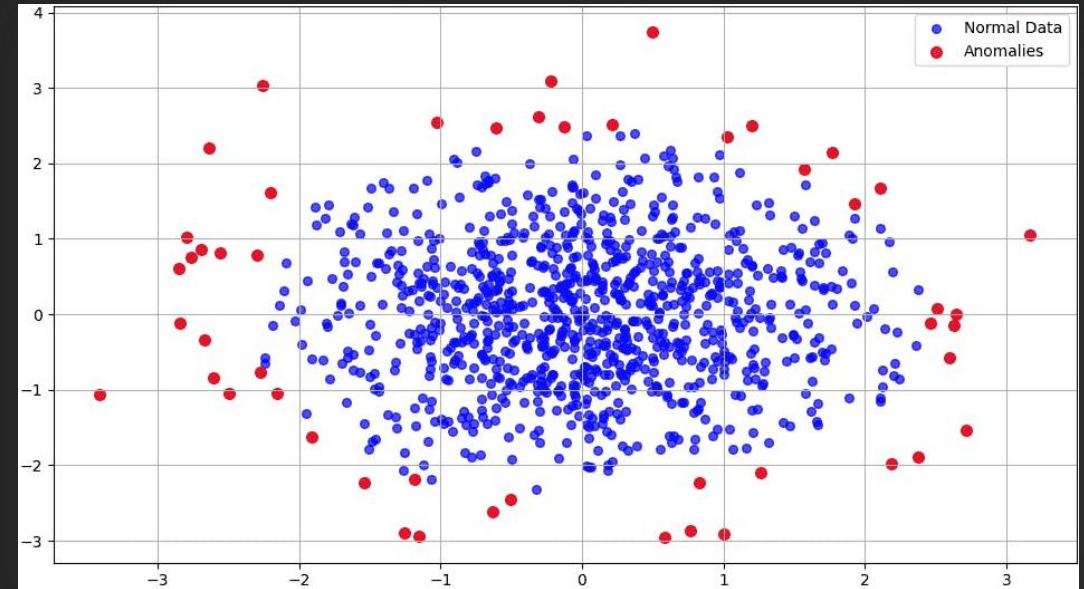


Machine Learning Anomaly Detection

Introduction

How it works?

- Behavior-based web traffic analysis (URLs, parameters, HTTP methods)
- Machine learning builds a baseline of normal application behavior
- Real-time anomaly detection by comparing requests to the learned model
- Two-layer ML architecture for higher accuracy



Zero-Day Protection

Behavioral Analysis

Adaptive Learning

Automated Protection

Low Latency Detection

False Positive Reduction

Accuracy



XPRTS26

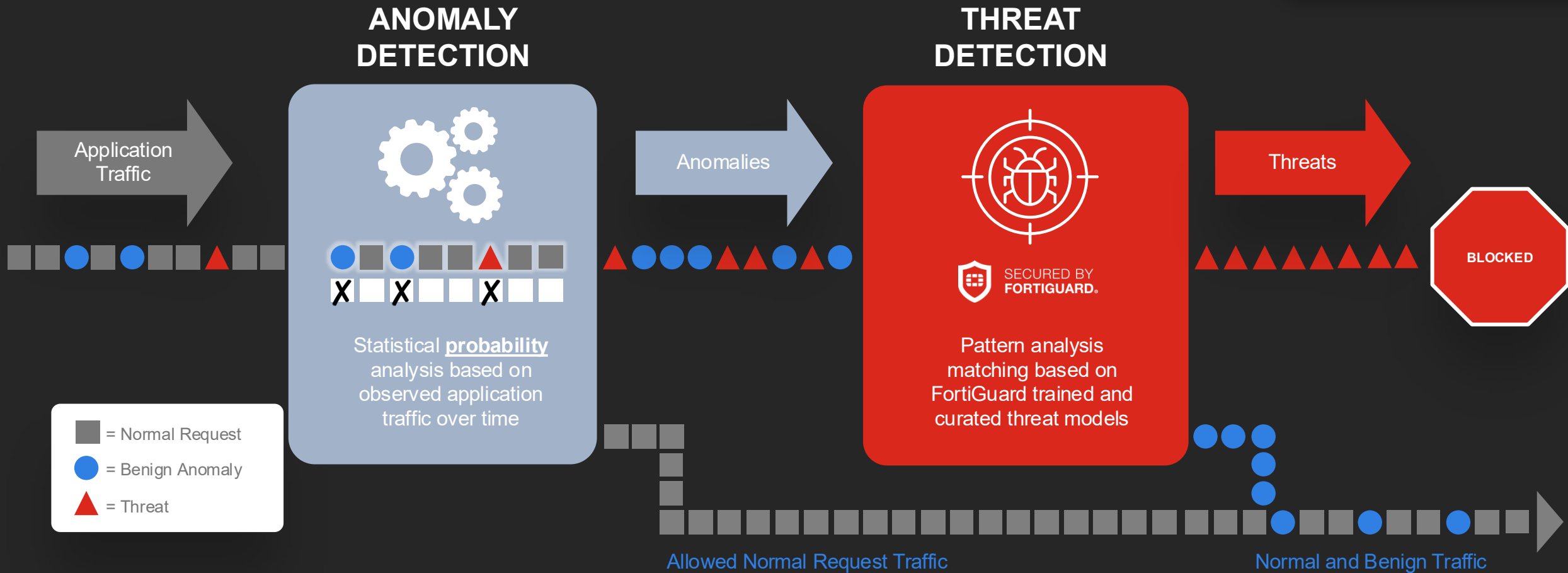


ML-Driven Highly Accurate Threat Detection

Reduce friction and false positives when deploying web applications



FortiAI-Protect
Protect Against AI Threats



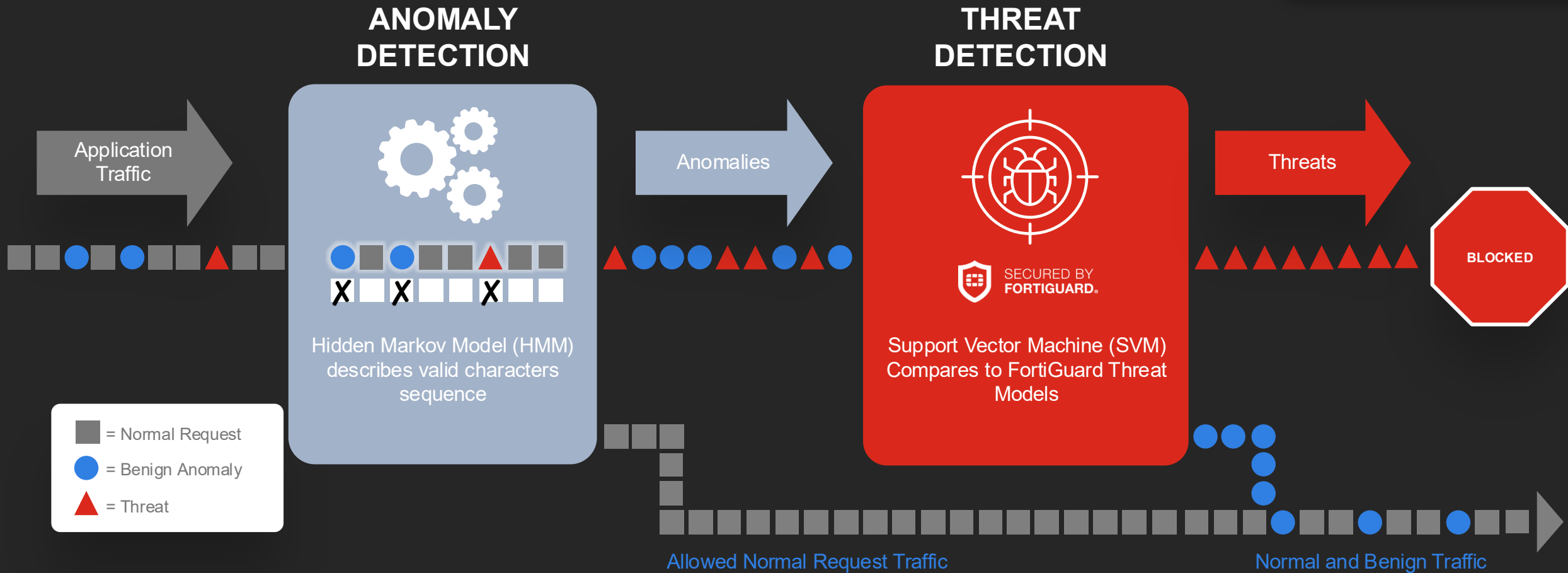


ML-Driven Highly Accurate Threat Detection

Reduce friction and false positives when deploying web applications



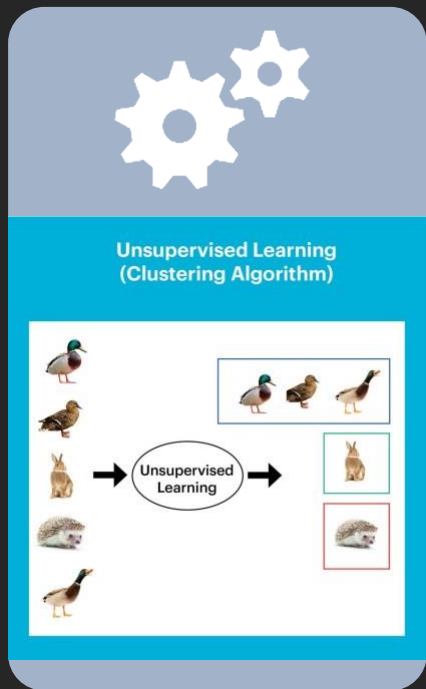
FortiAI-Protect
Protect Against AI Threats





Machine Learning Layer 1 for Anomaly Detection

ANOMALY DETECTION



1. **Phase 1:** Builds a State Machine Model per parameter that describes valid characters sequence input of Chars (C) Special Chars (S) Numbers (N)
2. **Phase 2:** Scores any new input to evaluate its level of anomaly

WEB APPLICATION

User ID:

Password:

LOGIN

abc_123@dom.com → CSN**SCSC**

abc@dom.com → **CSCSC**

<script>alert(hack)</script> → **SCSCSCSCS**

CSN**SCSC** → Score = 0.5

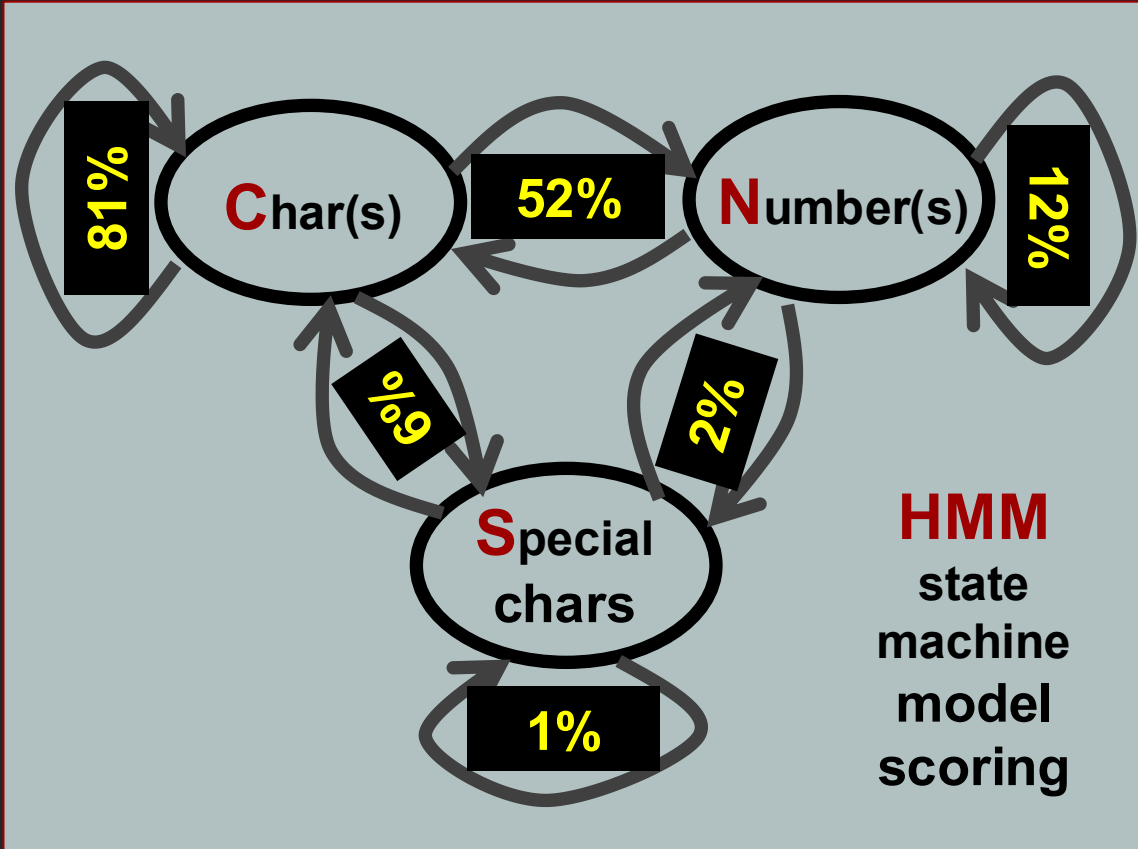
CSCSC → Score = 0.8

SCSCSCSCS → Score = 4



Machine Learning Layer 1 for Anomaly Detection

Calculation of Threshold and Strictness



$$\text{Threshold} = \mu + \text{Strictness} \times \sigma$$

- μ

Average of the metric/observed probabilities in the model samples.

- σ

Standard deviation: represents the dispersion or variability of the samples.

- **Strictness**

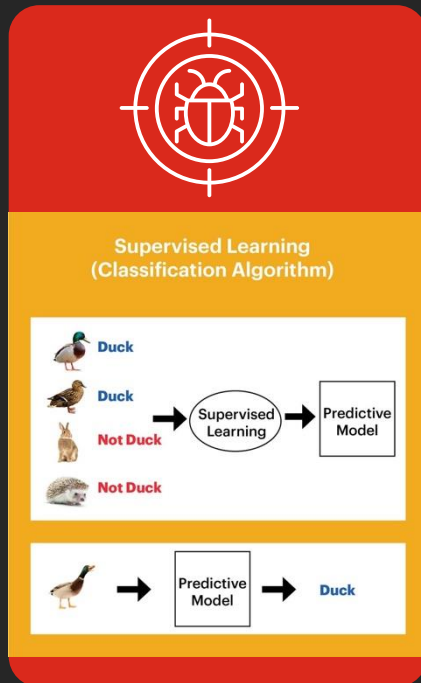
Sensitivity control: a lower value can make detection stricter.



NSE Important Changes

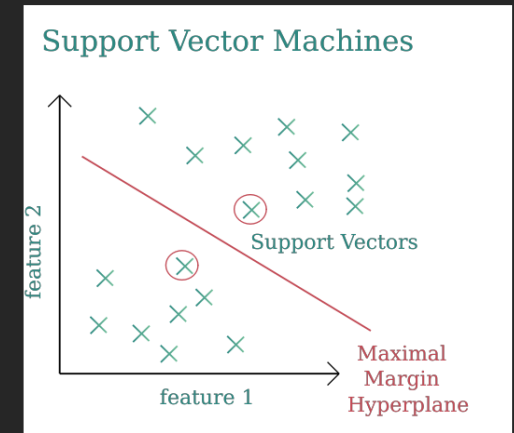
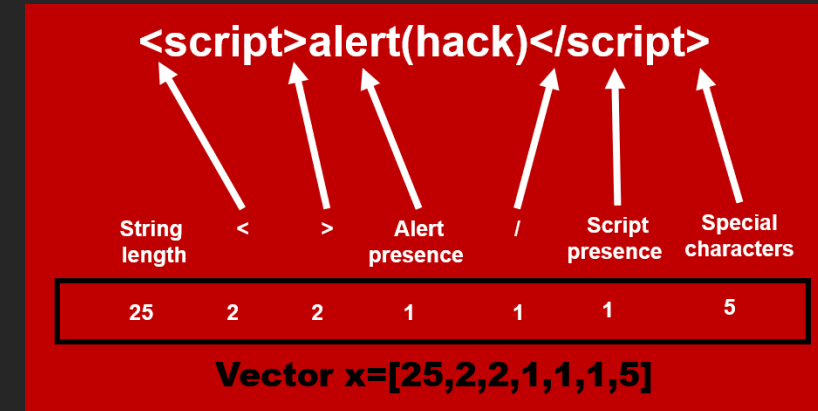
Starting on July 15, 2026

THREAT DETECTION



1. **Phase 1: converts any detected anomaly from text to vector**
2. **Phase 2: compare it to FortiGuard Threat Models (SQLi, XSS, etc...) to evaluate if it's real attack or just a benign anomaly.**

THREAT DETECTION

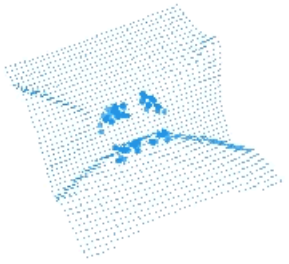




FortiWeb SVM Models

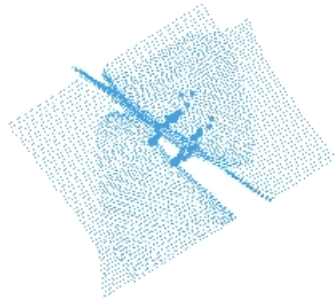
Well-trained Mathematical Model for Cross-site Scripting

Well-trained Support Vector Machine model with linear type kernel function for Cross-site Scripting attack.



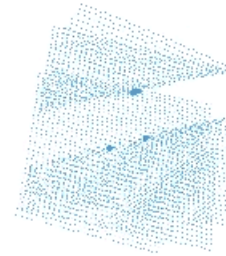
Well-trained Mathematical Model for Code Injection

Well-trained Support Vector Machine model with sigmoid type kernel function for Code Injection attack.



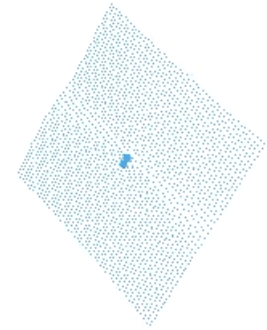
Well-trained Mathematical Model for Local File Inclusion/Remote File Inclusion

Well-trained Support Vector Machine model with radial basis type kernel function for Local File Inclusion/Remote File Inclusion attack.

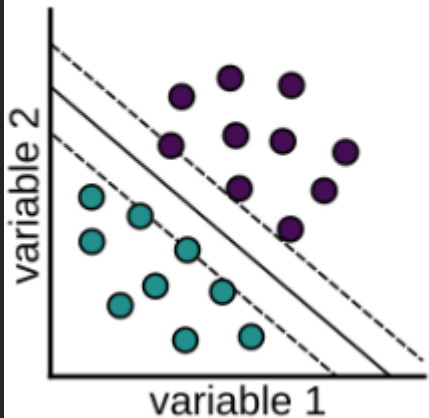


Well-trained Mathematical Model for Remote Exploits

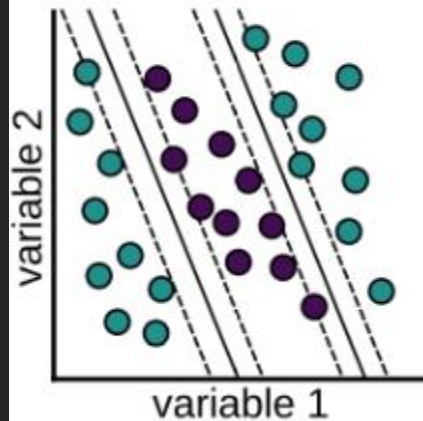
Well-trained Support Vector Machine model with polynomial type kernel function for Remote Exploits attack.



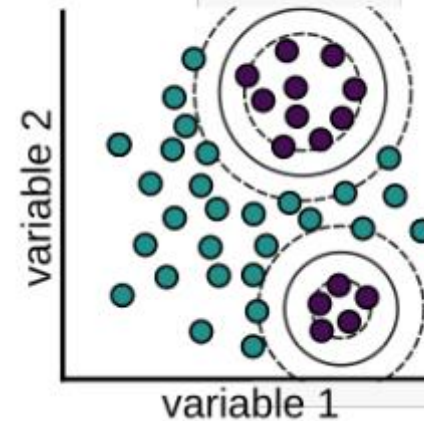
Linear



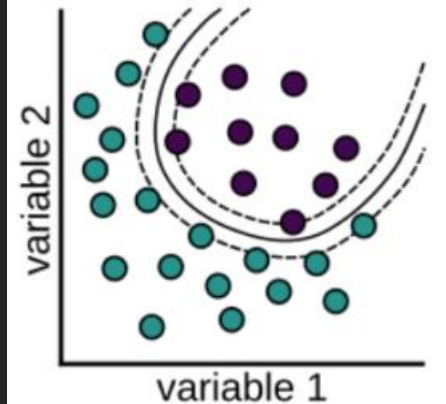
Sigmoid



Radial basis

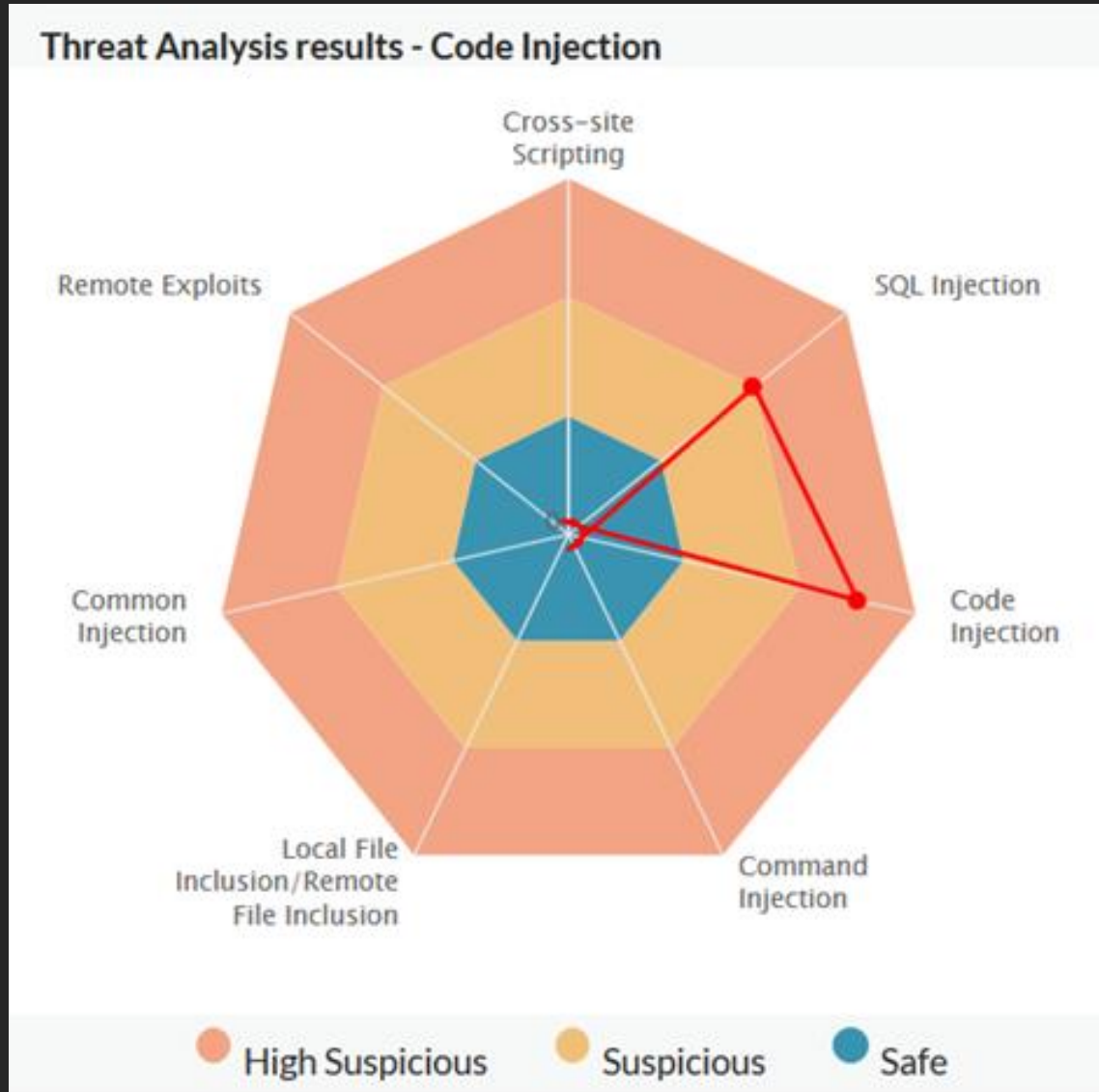


2nd polynomial





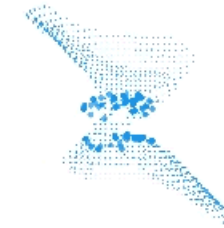
Block Multi-Vectors Attacks



Threat Model

☒ Well-trained Mathematical Model for Cross-site Scripting

Well-trained Support Vector Machine model with linear type kernel function for Cross-site Scripting attack.



☒ Well-trained Mathematical Model for SQL Injection

☒ Well-trained Mathematical Model for noSQL Injection

☒ Well-trained Mathematical Model for Code Injection

☒ Well-trained Mathematical Model for Command Injection

☒ Well-trained Mathematical Model for Local File Inclusion/Remote File Inclusion

☒ Well-trained Mathematical Model for Common Injection

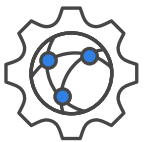
☒ Well-trained Mathematical Model for Remote Exploits

☒ Well-trained Mathematical Model for SSTI

FORTINET | COLOMBIA
XPERTS26 & ECUADOR

MCP Protection

Cartagena



LLM Protection – MCP Protection

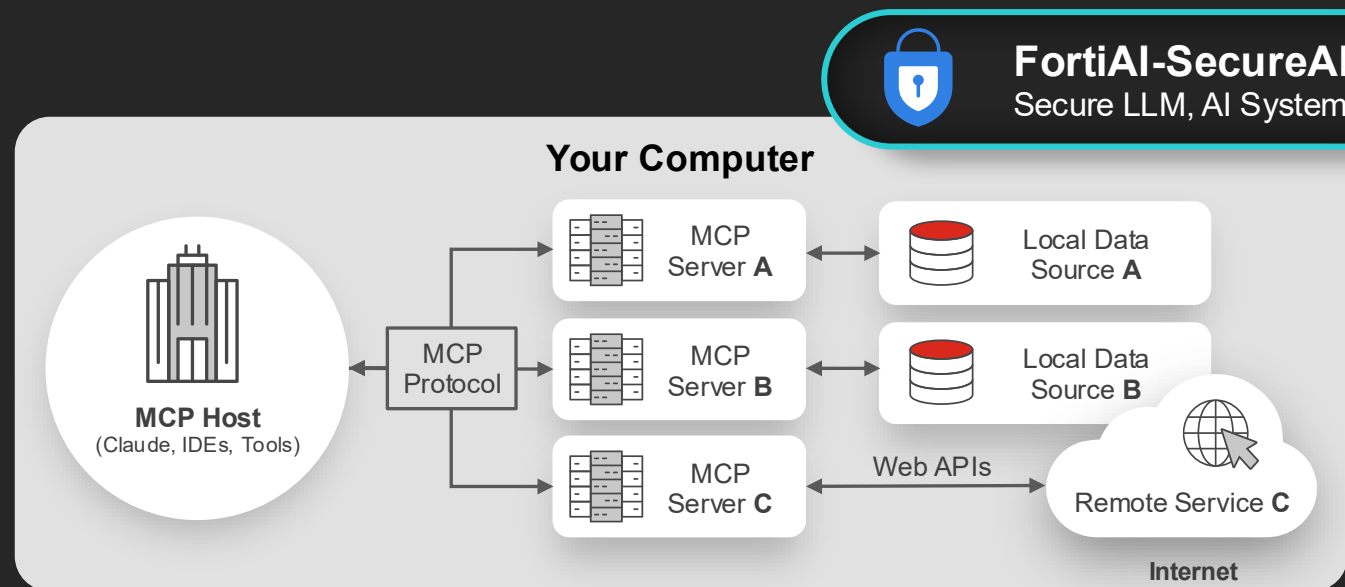
Model Context Protocol



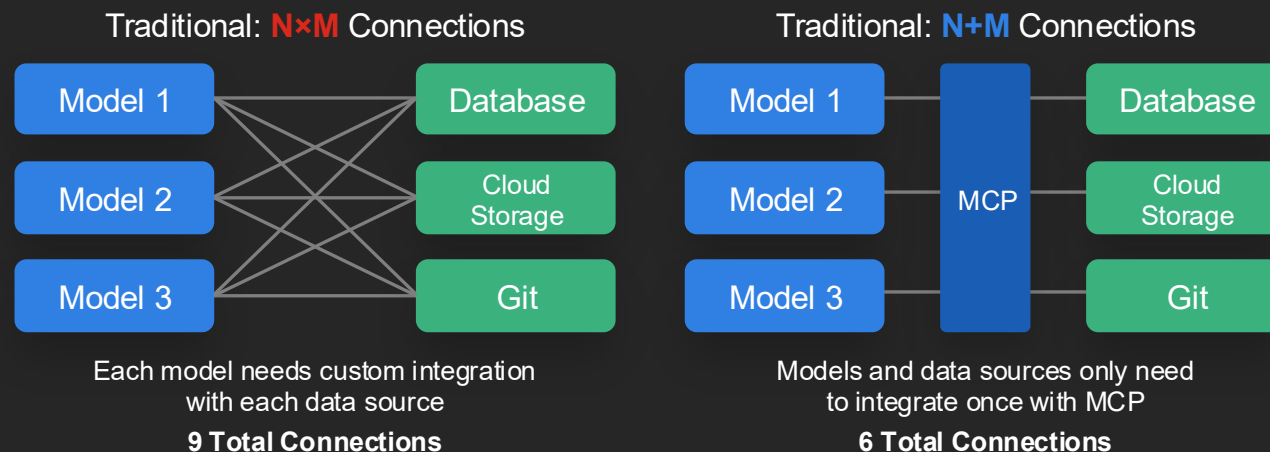
FortiAI-SecureAI
Secure LLM, AI Systems

Model Context Protocol

- Launched November 2024 by Anthropic the MCP standard allows LLMs to communicate with external services in a dynamic and modular way.
- Replaces static, narrow, specialized explicitly coded integrations for specific tasks
- Models and data sources only need to integrate once with MCP
- LLMs can now autonomously act across complex environments – but unguarded
- MCP Protection – another piece in the LLM protection puzzle



Traditional Integration vs MCP Approach





FortiWeb MCP Protection

Protect MCP servers from LLM abuse by enforcing API security policies



FortiAI-SecureAI
Secure LLM, AI Systems

The rapid evolution of MCP has also created a new and complex attack surface



Prompt Injection / Tool Poisoning

Attackers embed malicious instructions in tool descriptions

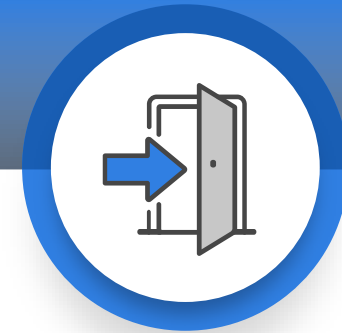
Continuous
signature updates



Supply Chain Attacks

MCP is open source, attackers can publish malicious packages

JSON schema
validation



Architectural Flaws

Unauthorized access due to excessive privileges

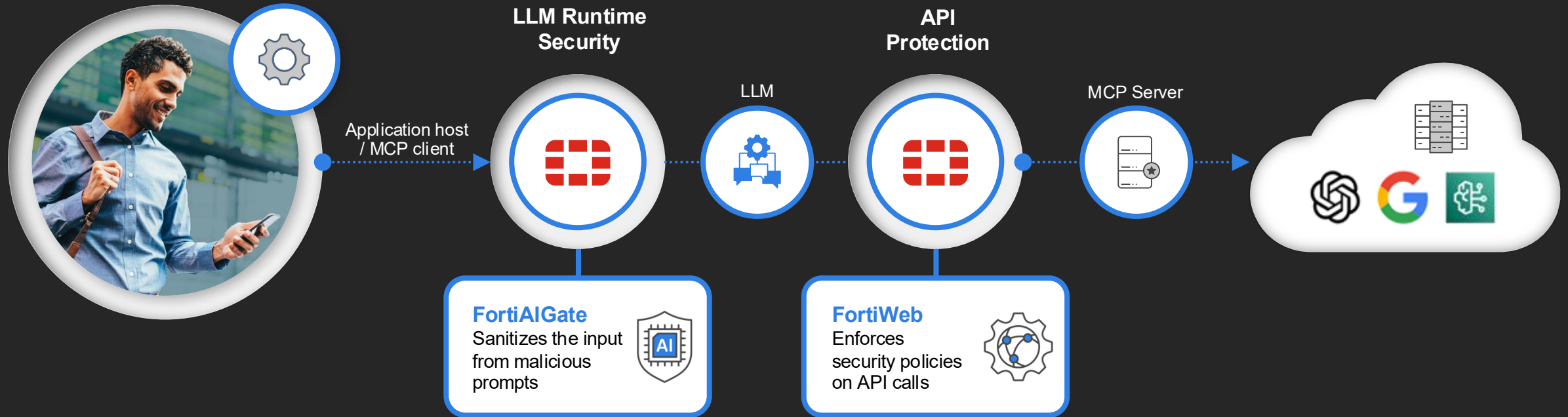
Access lists,
anomaly detection



LLM & MCP Protection



FortiAI-SecureAI
Secure LLM, AI Systems



FORTINET | COLOMBIA
& ECUADOR
XPERTS26

Generative AI

Cartagena



FortiAI Assistant



FortiAI-Assist
Ai Assisted Operations



Proactive Alert Triage

Analyzing logs, identifying patterns, and automate fixes in an autonomous network



Agentic AI Reasoning

Autonomous, AI-driven decision-making that analyzes, reasons, and acts on threats or operational issues



AI-driven Optimization

Predictive insights from correlated data to enhance network performance and resilience



FortiAppSec Cloud FortiAI-Assist Add-on



FortiAI-Assist
Ai Assisted Operations



Built for Security Analysts



AI for Continuous Threat Analysis



AI for Autonomous Response

The screenshot displays the FortiWeb management console. The left sidebar contains a navigation menu with categories like Dashboard, Status, Network, System, Security Fabric, User, Policy, Server Objects, Application Delivery, Web Protection, FTP Security, ZTNA, Bot Mitigation, API Protection, DoS Protection, and IP Protection. The main content area is divided into two sections: 'System Information' and 'System Resources'. The 'System Information' section lists details such as HA Status (Standalone), Host Name (FortiWeb), Serial Number (FVVM08TM24000834), Operation Mode (Reverse Proxy), System Time (Tue Feb 25 11:39:10 2025), Firmware Version (FortiWeb-VM 7.4.3,build4679(interim),250212), System Uptime ([12 day(s) 18 hour(s) 59 min(s)]), Administrative Domain (Disabled), Threat Analytics (Disabled), and Advanced Bot Protection (Disabled). The 'System Resources' section shows CPU Usage (6%), Memory Usage (53%), Log Disk Usage (11%), Log Disk Status (green checkmark), Database Status (green checkmark), and Total Connections (0). On the right side, the FortiAI chat window is open, displaying the message 'Hi, how can I help you?' and a text input field with a send button.



XPERTS26



FortiAI-Assist Boosts Productivity and Saves Costs

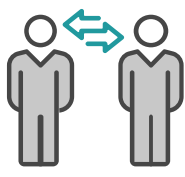


FortiAI-Assist
Ai Assisted Operations



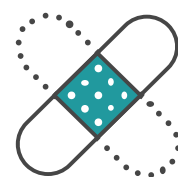
Understand

- Who attacked your app?
- Why was a rule triggered?
- How can vulns. be exploited?
- What to do next?



Enhance

- Share security knowledge with other teams
- Break silos and streamline remediation workflows
- Generate customized rules from simple text



Secure

- Make educated decisions
- Apply recommended mitigations
- Patch in advance



Assess

- Hours saved on investigation and remediation
- Improved collaboration
- Attack surface reduction
- Saved costs



FORTINET

COLOMBIA
& ECUADOR

XPERTS26